

GOVERNMENT GENERAL DEGREE COLLEGE, CHAPRA

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL HIGHER EDUCATION DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENT OF WEST BENGAL

AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY OF KALYANI

Vill: Shikra, P.O. Padmamala, P.S. Chapra, Dist: Nadia, PIN: 741123, W.B.

 $Website: www.chapragovtcollege.org\ ;\ E\ mail: cgcollege 2015 ku@gmail.com;\ cgcollege 2015@gmail.com$

Contact: + 91 7318958511 **ESTD: 2013**

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

Teaching Plan 2018-19 (UG-Honours & Pass General)

3rd Year (Part-III)

Part/Year	Paper/Course	Unit/Module	Teacher	No. of lectures	To be completed by
Part-III (Honours)	Paper V: History of India from 1556 to 1757 A D.	Unit-1: The Mughals: Historiography and sources. a. Historiography, different approaches. b.Sources: Abul Fazal, Badauni, Abdul Hamid Lahori, Bemier, Unit 2: Polity:a.Evolution of the administrative system: mansab andjagir. b. The Mughal ruling classes: nobility and zamindars. c. State and religion: Akhar's religious ideas: Sulh 1 Kul;	Arunava Sinha	70	8 months

Aurangzeb's relations with religious groups and institutions.

Unit 3: Rural Economy and Society

- a. Environmental context; forests; and agricultural zones.
- b. Agricultural production; management of water resources; agricultural technology and crop patterns; growth of cash nexus and rural credit; and role of the state.
- c. Agrarian structure; land ownership and rights; revenue system; the village community; and peasantry.

Unit 4: Trade, commerce, and monetary system.

- a. Trade routes and the pattern of internal commerce.
- b. Indian ocean trade network in the 17th century.
- c. Markets, monetary system.

Unit 5: Urban Centres.

- a. Morphology of cities a survey. Administration of cities and towns.
- b. Urban economy, crafts, industries; organization of production; Imperial karkhanas and textiles.
- c. Urban social structure: merchant communities: bankers, artisans, craftsmen and labourers.

Unit-6: Cultural Developments.

a. Language and literature.

		b. Art and architecture.			
		Unit 7: Decline of the Mughal Empire and Emergence of Successor States.			
		a. Bengal			
		b. Awadh			
		c. Mysore			
		d. Hyderabad			
		Unit 8: Pattern of Regional Polity:			
		The case study of Maharashtra, Rise of the Marathas; Shivaji: the Mughal-Maratha conflict, the Peshwas; the Sikhs.			
		Unit-9:Interpreting the Eighteenth century.			
		Test Exam Revision and preparation for university	/ exam		9 th month
Part-III (Honours)	Paper VI: History of India from	Unit 1:Understanding Modern Indian History Concepts, Terminologies, Approaches.	Ajoy Ghosh	70	8 months
	1757 to 1964 A D	Unit 2: Expansion and Consolidation of British Rule with special reference to			
		a.Bengal			
		b.Mysore			
		c.Maratha			
		d.Punjab			
		e.Awadh			
		Unit 3: Colonial State and its Ideology.			

- a.Orientalism
- b. Utilitarianism.
- C. classical Political Thought in relation to India. Theory of rent, Laissez faire, and Colonial Patemalism.
- d . Colonial State's attitude to social in stitutions such as caste, tribe, and community.

Unit 4: Rural Economy and Society.

- a. The Rural Agrarian Social Structure
- b. Land revenue Settlements
- c. Commercialization of Agriculture
- d.Peasant and Landless Labour
- e.Rural Credit and Indebtedness
- f.The Tribal Dimension: the changing economyand society of the tribal world

Unit 5: Trade and Industry

- a. Changes in the trading economy of India in the 18thCentury: Surat, Bengal, Coromandel: Trade and Trade Routes.
- b. Banking Indigenous and Modern
- c. De-industrialization: a myth or reality; Traditional Industries in the late colonial period.
- d. Emergence of modern industries Cotton, jute and and steel.

e. National Income, Demography, and Occupational Structure

Unit 6: Cultural Changes and Social and Religious Reform Movements

a. Rise of the New Intelligentsia and its Social Composition

b.Socio-religious revivalist/reform movements.

c. Sanskritization, Caste movements, Brahmanical and. Depressed classes

Unit 7: Resistance to Colonial Rule: Revolt of 1857

Unit 8: Nationalism

- a. Historiography of Indian Nationalism.
- b. Trends up to 1919
- c. Political Ideology and Organizations: formation of

The Indian National Congress

- d. Moderates and Extremists.
- e. Swadeshi
- f. Revolutionaries
- g. Emergence of Communal Consciousness
- h. Gandhian Ideology and movements: Rowlatt

Satyagraha; Khilafat, Non-cooperation, Civil Disobedience:

Quit India, Role of Social Groups and Classes; Ideological Trends in the Congress i. Revolutionaries: Left movements and State People's movements; INA.	
i. Revolutionaries: Left movements	
i. Revolutionaries: Left movements	
and state reopte's movements, fiva.	
j. Simon Commission and Nehru	
Report, Communal Award: Govt. of	
India Act of 1935; Working of	
Provincial Ministries; Cripps	
Mission; Wavell Plan; and Cabinet	
Mission	
Unit 9: Communal Politics and	
Partition	
a. Demand for Pakistan	
b. Responses to Pakistan Demand-	
national and Regional.	
c. British Policies	
d. Partition	
d. I dittion	
Unit 10: India 1947-1964	
a. Partition, Migration and	
Rehabilitation	
b. Framing of Constitution and	
establishment of the Democratic	
Republic of India	
c. Mixed economy and the Five-	
Year Plan.	
d.Foreign Policy: Non-alignment.	
Test Exam	
	nonth

Part-III (Honours)	Paper History China Japan c. 1839-1949.	VII: of and AD	Unit 1: China a. China and imperialism during the 19 th century: 1. Chinese society social groups and classes; Confucian value system. 2. Sino centrism.	Arunava Sinha	70	8 months
			 3. Canton commercial system. b. China as an "informal colony': 1. Opium Wars; treaties with imperialist powers; and struggle for concessions in China. 			
			2. Increasing Western economy interests.3.Open door policy.			
			c. Popular and reform movements: Taiping: self- strengthening, and reforms in this Chinese state, 1860- 1898			
			d.Emergence of nationalism in China: 1. Boxer rebellion and its consequences.			
			2. Reforms of 1901-08			
			3. Revolution of 1911 role of social classes; Sun YatSen principles and politics, emergence of the republicand Yuan-Shi-Kav:Lav: Warlordism -1916-1928.			
			4.New intellectual ideas and May Fourth movement itsnature and significance.			
			e.Nationalism and communalism			

in China:

- 1. Political crisis in the 1920's
- 2. Nature of industrialization and changing social structure.
- 3. KMT and the first united front.
- 4. Communist movement: 1928 to 1949; rise of Mao Tse Tung, making of the red army, the second united front; civil war, Chinese revolution ideology. Causes and significance.

Unit 2: Japan

- a. Meiji restoration: Tokugawa Bakuhan system nature and crisis; encounter with the west; Meiji restoration; and processes of modernization-social, military, political and economic.
- b. Popular and democratic movements: Satsuma rebellion; popular rights movement and Meiji constitution.
- c. Emergence of Japan as an imperial power: Sino-Japanese relations; Anglo-Japanese alliance, Russo-Japanese war, World War I and after, and Manchurian crisis.
- d. Democracy and militarism: rise of political parties and failure of the democratic system; rise of militarism; and second Sino-Japanese war.
- e. Japan and World War I-its consequences.

f.Japan in the Pacific the rise of militarism in the 1930s and 1940s

		g. Japan in the Second World War. Test Exam Revision and preparation for university	y exam		9 th month
Part-III (Honours)	Paper VIII: Trends in World Politics	Unit 1: Peace settlement of 1919, its long-term consequences the establishment of the Weimar republic Uinit 2: Europe in the inter-war period: consolidation and development of The Depression the collapse of the Weimer state and the rise of the Nazi power the Nazi power of the Soviet state rise of Fascism in Italy League of Nations the Economic state: Germany's aggressive foreign policy the outbreak of the second World War and historians, Unit 3: The World after 1945: Origins of the Cold War and the division of Europe the emergence of the American and Soviet spheres of influence the system of military and economic alliances. Unit:4: The decline of European imperialism: De-colonization nationalMovements of Asia and Africa the emergence of the Third Worldimpact of the Cold War on the Third World alternatives to the Cold War-non-aligned movement.	Ajoy Ghosh	70	8 months

Unit 5: Tensions within the Soviet Bloc: Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and Poland. Bi-polar World and the regional conflicts Vietnam, Korea, Cuba and Middle East	
Unit 6: The communist revolution and emergence of China in world politics-Sino-Soviet and Sino-American relations	
Unit 7:From Bi-polarism to Uni- polarism: Politics of Détente end of theCold War-GermanReunification Globalization and its impact-	
Uni8:polarism and its significance for international politics.	
Test Exam	
Revision and preparation for university exam	 9 th month

Part-III	Paper: IV	Unit 1: First World War & its	Arunava	50	8 months
(Pass	India and the	aftermath.	Sinha		
General)	World 1914-	1: Impact of the First World War			
	1964:	on Indian economy, society and			
	Selected				
	Themes	polity.			
		2. Emergence of Gandhi in Indian			
		nationalist politics, concept of			
		'Satyagraha'; Champaran, Kheda,			
		Ahmedabad and Rowlatt			
		Satyagrahas.			

Unit 2: 1. Gandhian Mass Movements Khilafat Non- cooperation. and Civil Disobedience Movements 2.Revolutionary Nationalism during the 1930s 3. The Government of India Act of 1935; 1937 Election and formation of Congress Provincial Ministries 4. Quit India Movement of 1942
Unit 3: Subhas Chandra Bose, the Indian National Army and Indian Freedom Movement
Unit 4:1. Demand for creation of Pakistan and its repercussions on Indian Politics and Society 2. Communal Politics on India
Unit 5:1. Post-War upsurge and different strands of protest politics 2. Partition and the Transfer of Power, Adoption of a republican constitution in 1950
Unit 6:1. The Nehru era in independent India. 2.Development of parliamentary democracy.

3.Movements for social justice. 4.Economic planning. 5.India and Non-aligned Movement Unit 7: 1. Emergence of bi-polarism and	
its impact on post-1945 world politics	
2. The rise of the Third World	
3. Impact of the Cold War on the Third World	
Test Exam Revision and preparation for university exam	9 th month